Appendix D. Sample Decontamination Procedures for Three Typical Levels of Protection^a

F.S.O.P. No. 7

Process: DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

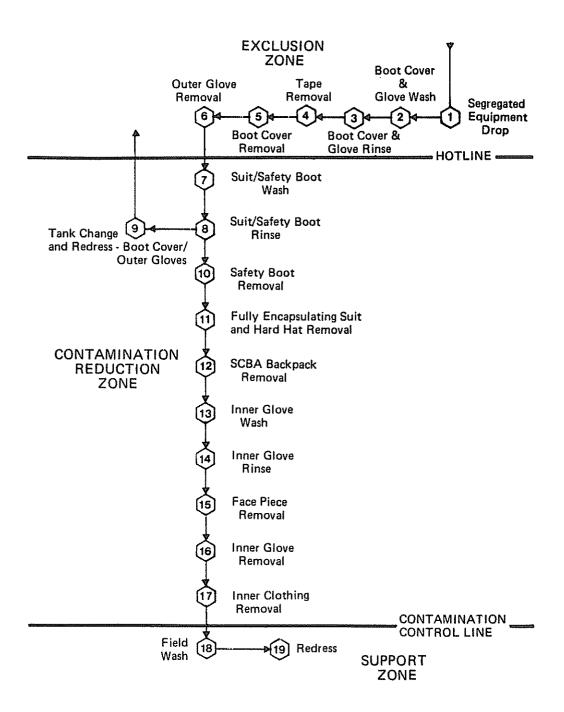
INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The objective of these procedures is to minimize the risk of exposure to hazardous substances. These procedures were derived from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response's (OERR), "Interim Standard Operating Safety Guides (revised Sep. 82)". This version of the guides is in a format that is more appropriate for use in the field.
- 1.2 Protective equipment must be worn by personnel when response activities involve known or suspected hazardous substances. The procedures for decontaminating personnel upon leaving the contaminated area are addressed for each of the EPA, OERR designated levels of protection. The procedures given are for the maximum and minimum amount of decontamination used for each level of protection.
- 1.3 The maximum decontamination procedures for all levels of protection consist of specific activities at nineteen stations. Each station emphasizes an important aspect of decontamination. When establishing a decontamination line, each aspect should be incorporated separately or combined with other aspects into a procedure with fewer steps (such as the Minimum Decontamination Procedures).
- 1.4 Decontamination lines are site specific since they are dependent upon the types of contamination and the type of work activities on site. A cooling station is sometimes necessary within the decontamination line during hot weather. It is usually a location in a shaded area in which the wind can help to cool personnel. In addition, site conditions may permit the use of cooling devices such as cool water hose, ice packs, cool towels, etc. When the decontamination line is no longer required, contaminated wash and rinse solutions and contaminated articles must be contained and disposed of as hazardous wastes in compliance with state and federal regulations.

PROCESS DECON PROCEDURES

MAXIMUM DECONTAMINATION LAYOUT

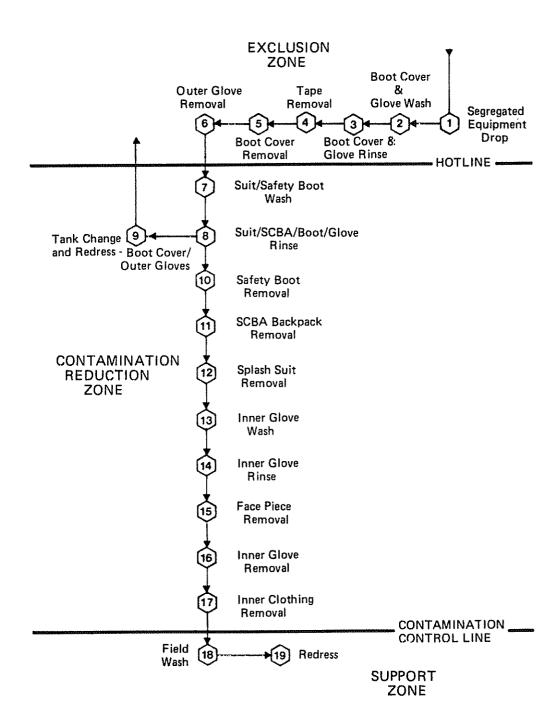
LEVEL A PROTECTION



PROCESS DECON PROCEDURES

MAXIMUM DECONTAMINATION LAYOUT

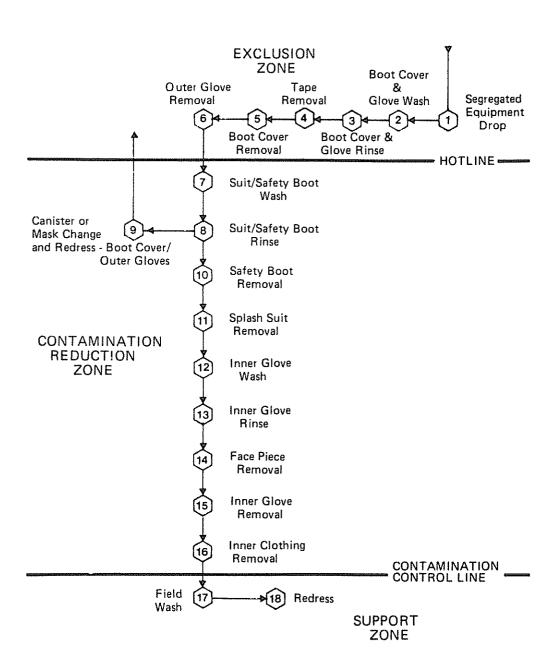
LEVEL B PROTECTION



PROCESS DECON PROCEDURES

MAXIMUM DECONTAMINATION LAYOUT

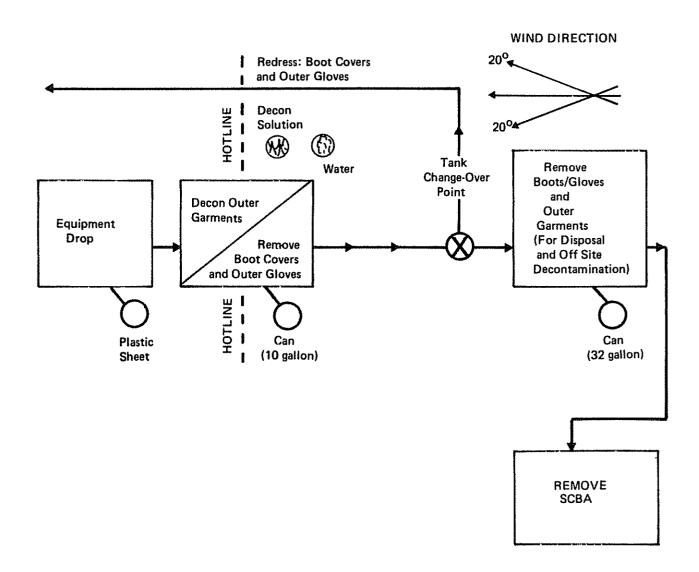
LEVEL C PROTECTION



PROCESS DECON PROCEDURES

MINIMUM DECONTAMINATION LAYOUT

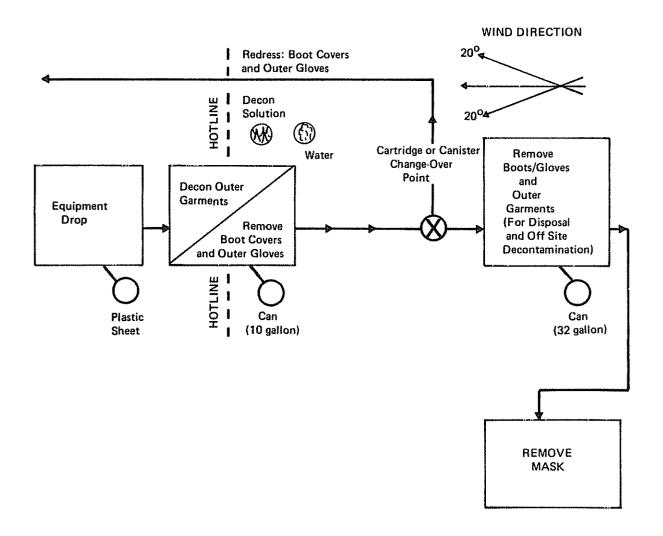
LEVELS A & B PROTECTION



PROCESS DECON PROCEDURES

MINIMUM DECONTAMINATION LAYOUT

LEVEL C PROTECTION



EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO PERFORM MAXIMUM DECONTAMINATION MEASURES FOR LEVELS A, B, AND C

Station 1: a. Various Size Containers Station 10: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) b. Plastic Liners b. Plastic Liners c. Bench or Stools c. Plastic Drop Cloths d. Boot Jack Station 2: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) b. Decon Solution or Detergent Water Station 11: a. Rack b. Drop Cloths c. 2-3 Long-Handled, Soft-Bristled Scrub Brushes c. Bench or Stools Station 3: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) Station 12: a. Table OR Station 13: a. Basin or Bucket High-Pressure Spray Unit b. Decon Solutionc. Small Table b. Water c. 2-3 Long-Handled, Soft-Bristled Scrub Brushes Station 14: a. Water Station 4: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) b. Basin or Bucket b. Plastic Liners c. Small Table Station 5: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) Station 15: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) b. Plastic Liners b. Plastic Liners c. Bench or Stools Station 16: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) Station 6: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) b. Plastic Liners b. Plastic Liners Station 17: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) Station 7: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) b. Plastic Liners b. Decon Solution or Detergent Water c. 2-3 Long-Handled, Soft-Bristled Station 18: a. Water Scrub Brushes b. Soap c. Small Table Station 8: a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) d. Basin or Bucket e. Field Showers OR High-Pressure Spray Unit f. Towels b. Water Station 19: a. Dressing Trailer is Needed in c. 2-3 Long-Handled, Soft-Bristled Scrub Brushes Inclement Weather b. Tables c. Chairs Station 9: a. Air Tanks or Face Masks and d. Lockers Cartridge Depending on Level b. Tape e. Cloths c. Boot Covers d. Gloves

EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO PERFORM MINIMUM DECONTAMINATION MEASURES FOR LEVELS A, B, AND C

Station 1:	a. Various Size Containers b. Plastic Liners c. Plastic Drop Cloths	a. Air Tanks or Masks and Cartridges Depending Upon Level b. Tape
Station 2:	a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) b. Decon Solution	c. Boot Covers d. Gloves
	c. Rinse Waterd. 2-3 Long-Handled, Soft-Bristled Scrub Brushes	a. Containers (20-30 Gallons) b. Plastic Liners c. Bench or Stools
Station 3:	a. Containers (20-30 Gallons)b. Plastic Linersc. Bench or Stools	a. Plastic Sheets b. Basin or Bucket c. Soap and Towels d. Bench or Stools
		a. Water b. Soap r. Tables

d. Wash Basin or Bucket

FSOP 7: MAXIMUM MEASURES FOR LEVEL A DECONTAMINATION

Station	1:	Segregated Equipment Drop	1.	Deposit equipment used on site (tools, sampling devices and containers, monitoring instruments, radios, clipboards, etc.) on plastic drop cloths or in different containers with plastic liners. During hot weather operations, a cool down station may be set up within this area.
Station	2:	Boot Cover and Glove Wash	2.	Scrub outer boot covers and gloves with decon solution or detergent/water.
Station	3:	Boot Cover and Glove Rinse	3.	Rinse off decon solution from station 2 using copious amounts of water.
Station	4:	Tape Removal	4.	Remove tape around boots and gloves and deposit in container with plastic liner.
Station	5:	Boot Cover Removal	5.	Remove boot covers and deposit in container with plastic liner.
Station	6:	Outer Glove Removal	6.	Remove outer gloves and deposit in container with plastic liner.
Station	7:	Suit and Boot Wash	7.	Wash encapsulating suit and boots using scrub brush and decon solution or detergent/water. Repeat as many times as necessary.
Station	8:	Suit and Boot	8.	Rinse off decon solution using water. Repeat as many times as necessary. \ensuremath{R}
Station	9:	Tank Change	9.	If an air tank change is desired, this is the last step in the decontamination procedure. Air tank is exchanged, new outer gloves and boot covers donned, and joints taped. Worker returns to duty.
Station	10:	Safety Boot Removal	10.	Remove safety boots and deposit in container with plastic liner.
Station	17:	Fully Encapsulating Suit and Hard Hat Removal	11.	Fully encapsulated suit is removed with assistance of a helper and laid out on a drop cloth or hung up. Hard hat is removed. Hot weather rest station maybe set up within this area for personnel returning to site.
Station	12:	SCBA Backpack Removal	12.	While still wearing facepiece, remove backpack and place on table. Disconnect hose from regulator valve and proceed to next station.
Station	13:	Inner Glove Wash	13.	Wash with decon solution that will not harm the skin. Repeat as often as necessary.
Station	14:	Inner Glove Rinse	14.	Rinse with water. Repeat as many times as necessary.
Station	15:	Face Piece Removal	15.	Remove face piece. Deposit in container with plastic liner. Avoid touching face with fingers.
Station	16:	Inner Glove Removal	16.	Remove inner gloves and deposit in container with liner.

FSOP 7: MAXIMUM MEASURES FOR LEVEL A DECONTAMINATION

Station 17: Inner Clothing

Removal

17. Remove clothing and place in lined container. Do not wear inner clothing off-site since there is a possibility that small amounts of contaminants might have been transferred in removing the fully-encapsulating suit.

Station 18: Field Wash

18. Shower if highly toxic, skin-corrosive or skinabsorbable materials are known or suspected to be present. Wash hands and face if shower is not available.

Station 19: Redress

19. Put on clean clothes.

FSOP 7: MINIMUM MEASURES FOR LEVEL A DECONTAMINATION

Station 1: Equipment Drop

1. Deposit equipment used on-site (tools, sampling devices and containers, monitoring instruments, radios, clipboards, etc.) on plastic drop cloths. Segregation at the drop reduces the probability of cross contamination. During hot weather operations, cool down stations maybe set up within this area.

Station 2: Outer Garment, Boots, and Gloves Wash and Rinse

2. Scrub outer boots, outer gloves and fullyencapsulating suit with decon solution or detergent and water. Rinse off using copious amounts of water.

Station 3: Outer Boot and Glove Removal

Remove outer boots and gloves. Deposit in container with plastic liner.

Station 4: Tank Change

4. If worker leaves Exclusion Zone to change air tank, this is the last step in the decontamination procedure. Worker's air tank is exchanged, new outer gloves and boot covers donned, joints taped, and worker returns to duty.

Station 5: Boot, Gloves and Outer Garment Removal.

5. Boots, fully-encapsulating suit, inner gloves removed and deposited in separate containers lined with plastic.

Station 6: SCBA Removal

6. SCBA backpack and facepiece is removed (avoid touching face with fingers). SCBA deposited on plastic sheets.

Station 7: Field Wash

7. Hands and face are thoroughly washed. Shower as soon as possible.

FSOP 7: MAXIMUM MEASURES FOR LEVEL B DECONTAMINATION

Station	1:	Segregated Equipment Drop	1.	Deposit equipment used on site (tools, sampling devices and containers, monitoring instruments, radios, clipboards, etc.) on plastic drop cloths or in different containers with plastic liners. Segregation at the drop reduces the probability of cross-contamination. During hot weather operations, cooldown stations may be set up within this area.
Station	2:	Boot Cover and Glove Wash	2.	Scrub outer boot covers and gloves with decon solution or detergent and water.
Station	3:	Boot Cover and Glove Rinse	3.	Rinse off decon solution from station 2 using copious amounts of water.
Station	4:	Tape Removal	4.	Remove tape around boots and gloves and deposit in container with plastic liner.
Station	5:	Boot Cover Removal	5.	Remove boot covers and deposit in container with plastic liner.
Station	6:	Outer Glove removal	6.	Remove outer gloves and deposit in container with plastic liner.
Station	7:	Suit and Safety Boot Wash	7.	Wash chemical-resistant splash suit, SCBA, gloves and safety boots. Scrub with long-handle scrub brush and decon solution. Wrap SCBA regulator (if belt mounted type) with plastic to keep out water. Wash backpack assembly with sponges or cloths.
Station	8:	Suit, SCBA, Boot, and Glove Rinse	8.	Rinse off decon solution using copious amounts of water.
Station	9:	Tank Change	9.	If worker leaves exclusion zone to change air tank, this is the last step in the decontamination procedure. Worker's air tank is exchanged, new outer gloves and boot covers donned, and joints taped. Worker returns to duty.
Station	10:	Safety Boot Removal	10.	Remove safety boots and deposit in container with plastic liner.
Station	11:	SCBA Backpack Removal	11.	While still wearing facepiece, remove back- pack and place on table. Disconnect hose from regulator valve.
Station	12:	Splash Suit Removal	12.	With assistance of helper, remove splash suit. Deposit in container with plastic liner.
Station	13:	Inner Glove Wash	13.	Wash inner gloves with decon solution.
Station	14:	Inner Glove Rinse	14.	Rinse inner gloves with water.
Station	15:	Face Piece Removal	15.	Remove face piece. Deposit in container with plastic liner. Avoid touching face with fingers.
Station	16:	Inner Glove Removal	16.	Remove inner gloves and deposit in container with liner.

FSOP 7: MAXIMUM MEASURES FOR LEVEL B DECONTAMINATION

Station 17: Inner Clothing

Removal

17. Remove inner clothing. Place in container with liner. Do not wear inner clothing off-site since there is a possibility that small amounts of contaminants might have been transferred in removing the fully-encapsulating suit.

Station 18: Field Wash

18. Shower if highly toxic, skin-corrosive or skinabsorbable materials are known or suspected to be present. Wash hands and face if shower is not available.

Station 19: Redress

19. Put on clean clothes.

FSOP 7: MINIMUM MEASURES FOR LEVEL B DECONTAMINATION

Station 1: Equipment Drop

 Deposit equipment used on-site (tools, sampling devices and containers, monitoring instruments, radios, clipboards, etc.) on plastic drop cloths. Segregation at the drop reduces the probability of cross contamination. During hot weather operations, cool down station may be set up within this area.

Station 2: Outer Garment, Boots, and Gloves Wash and Rinse Scrub outer boots, outer gloves and chemicalresistant splash suit with decon solution or detergent water. Rinse off using copious amounts of water.

Station 3: Outer Boot and Glove Removal

Remove outer boots and gloves. Deposit in container with plastic liner.

Station 4: Tank Change

4. If worker leaves exclusive zone to change air tank, this is the last step in the decontamination procedure. Worker's air tank is exchanged, new outer gloves and boot covers donned, joints taped, and worker returns to duty.

Station 5: Boot, Gloves and Outer Garment Removal Boots, chemical-resistant splash suit, inner gloves removed and deposited in separate containers lined with plastic.

Station 6: SCBA Removal

 SCBA backpack and facepiece is removed. Avoid touching face with finger. SCBA deposited on plastic sheets.

Station 7: Field Wash

Hands and face are thoroughly washed. Shower as soon as possible.

FSOP 7: MAXIMUM MEASURES FOR LEVEL C DECONTAMINATION

Station 1:	Segrated Equipment Drop	. Deposit equipment used on devices and containers, madios, clipboards, etc.) cloths or in different coliners. Segregation at the probability of cross contweather operations, a conset up within this area.	onitoring instruments, on plastic drop ntainers with plastic he drop reduces the amination. During hot
Station 2:	Boot Cover and Glove Wash	 Scrub outer boot covers a solution or detergent and 	
Station 3	Boot Cover and Glove Rinse	 Rinse off decon solution copious amounts of water. 	
Station 4:	Tape Removal	. Remove tape around boots in container with plastic	
Station 5	Boot Cover Removal	. Remove boot covers and de with plastic liner.	posit in containers
Station 6	Outer Glove Removal	. Remove outer gloves and c with plastic liner.	leposit in container
Station 7	Suit and Boot Wash	 Wash splash suit, gloves, Scrub with long-handle so solution. 	and safety boots. rub brush and decon
Station 8	Suit and Boot, and Glove Rinse	. Rinse off decon solution many times as necessary.	using water. Repeat as
Station 9:	Canister or Mask Change	. If worker leaves exclusic canister (or mask), this in the decontamination pr canister is exchanged, ne covers donned, and joints to duty.	is the last step ocedure. Worker's w outer gloves and boot
Station 10:	Safety Boot Removal	. Remove safety boots and d with plastic liner.	eposit in container
Station 11:	Splash Suit Removal	. With assistance of helper suit. Deposit in contain	
Station 12:	Inner Glove Rinse	. Wash inner gloves with de	con solution.
Station 13:	Inner Glove Wash	. Rinse inner gloves with w	ater.
Station 14:	Face Piece Removal	. Remove face piece. Depos plastic liner. Avoid tou	it in container with ching face with fingers.
Station 15	Inner Glove Removal	. Remove inner gloves and container.	eposit in lined

FSOP 7: MAXIMUM MEASURES FOR LEVEL C DECONTAMINATION

Station 16: Inner Clothing

Removal

16. Remove clothing soaked with perspiration and place in lined container. Do not wear inner clothing off-site since there is a possibility that small amounts of contaminants might have been transferred in removing the fullyencapsulating suit.

Station 17: Field Wash

17. Shower if highly toxic, skin-corrosive or skinabsorbable materials are known or suspected to be present. Wash hands and face if shower is not available.

Station 18: Redress

18. Put on clean clothes.

FSOP 7: MINIMUM MEASURES FOR LEVEL C DECONTAMINATION

Station 1: Equipment Drop

1. Deposit equipment used on-site (tools, sampling devices and containers, monitoring instruments, radios, cliphoards, etc.) on plastic drop cloths. Segregation at the drop reduces the probability of cross contamination. During hot weather operations, a cool down station may be set up within this area.

Station 2: Outer Garment, Boots, and Gloves Wash and Rinse

2. Scrub outer boots, outer gloves and splash suit with decon solution or detergent water, Rinse off using copious amounts of water.

Station 3: Outer Boot and Glove Removal

3. Remove outer boots and gloves. Deposit in container with plastic liner.

Station 4: Canister or Mask Change 4. If worker leaves exclusive zone to change canister (or mask), this is the last step in the decontamination procedure. Worker's canister is exchanged, new outer gloves and boot covers donned, joints taped, and worker returns to duty.

Station 5: Boot, Gloves and Outer Garment Remova1

5. Boots, chemical-resistant splash suit, inner gloves removed and deposited in separate containers lined with plastic.

Station 6: Face Piece Removal

6. Facepiece is removed. Avoid touching face with fingers, Facepiece deposited on plastic sheet.

Station 7: Field Wash

7. Hands and face are thoroughly washed. Shower as soon as possible.